

An aerial night view of a city, likely Amsterdam, with a grid of streets and lights. A red outline of an airplane is flying from the right side of the image towards the left, leaving a long red line behind it that extends across the top of the city. The sky is dark with some clouds.

**groen  
vermogen.nl**

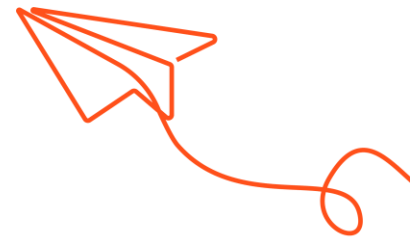
**Dutch perspective on  
Knowledge Communities**

**GroenvermogenNL**

2026

# Prof. David Smeulders

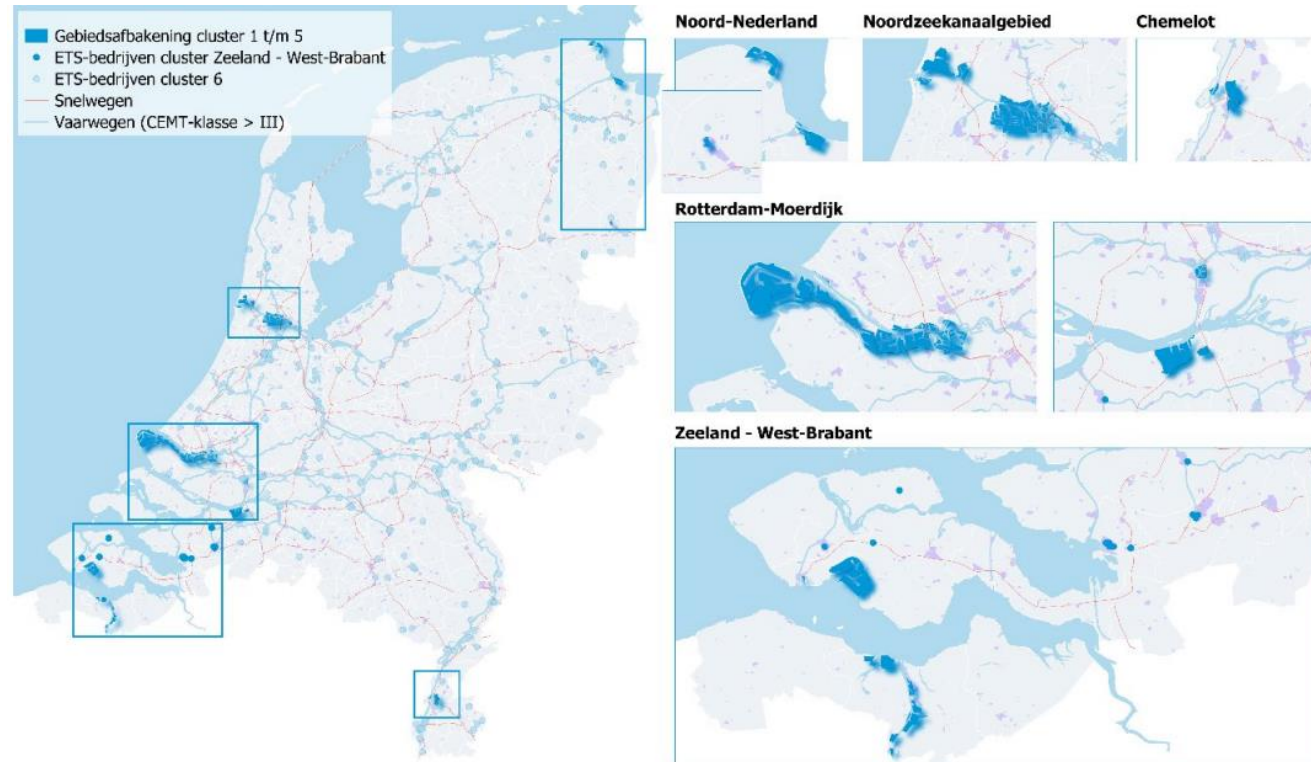
- Full Professor at TU Eindhoven, Chair Energy Technology
- MSc Aerospace Engineering TU Delft
- PhD in Physics from TU Eindhoven
- Program lead in GVNL R&D program HyTROS and HyIMPACT
- Board member Knowledge and Innovation Center TKI New Gas
- Scientific Director 4TU.Energy collaboration



# Hydrogen in the Netherlands – global and national context

## Hydrogen as a pathway to maintain industrial activities

- **Relatively energy intensive economy** due to large refining and petrochemical sector which benefited from abundant natural gas
- **Industry mainly clustered** into five (highly) integrated ecosystems
- **Hydrogen already widely used commodity** in chemical, refining and fertilizer industry
- 1.5 million tonnes (180 PJ) grey hydrogen per year makes NL **second largest grey hydrogen producer in Europe** (second to Germany)

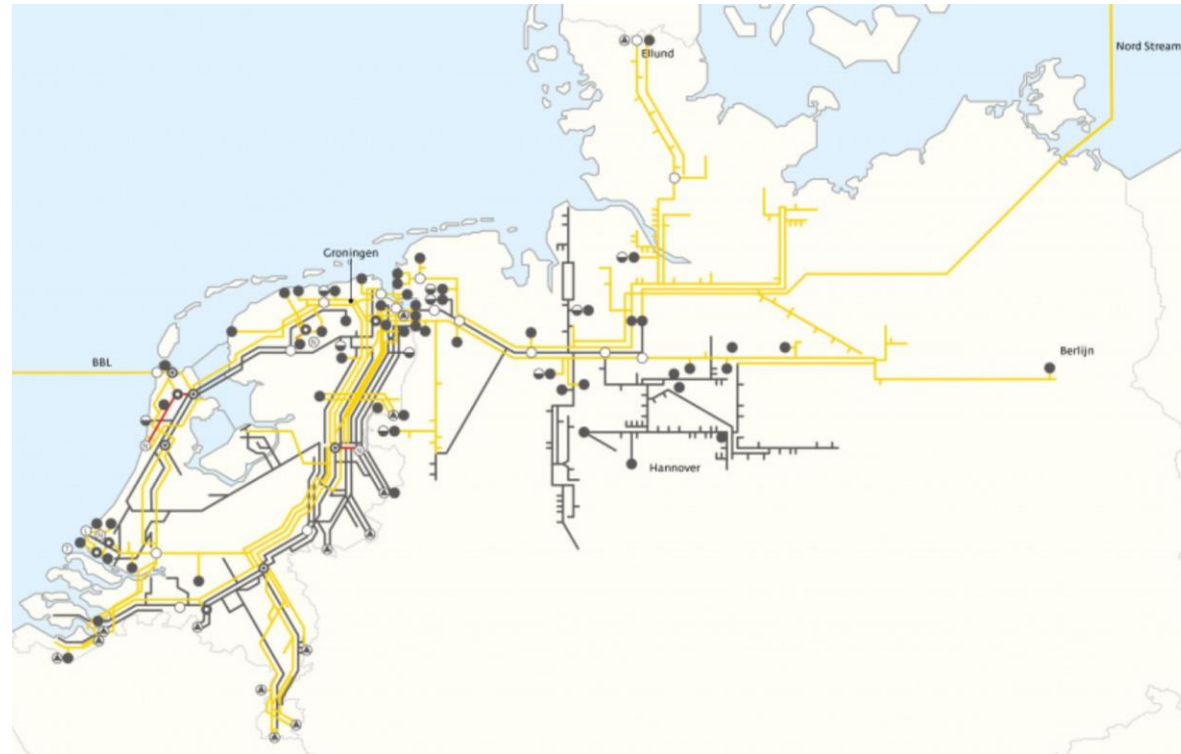


Stec Groep (2025) - (link)

# Hydrogen in the Netherlands – global and national context

## Opportunities/motivations for integrating hydrogen into the Energy System

- Historical status as “**Gas roundabout**” of Europe, facilitated by Groningen gas field and subsequent extensive high-class natural gas infrastructure
- **Offshore wind** potential in Dutch seawaters acts as important enabler for low-carbon hydrogen production
- **Major ports**; particularly Rotterdam and Amsterdam as international energy import and distribution hubs



Gasunie link

# Import ambitions Port of Rotterdam

## ROTTERDAM'S HYDROGEN ECOSYSTEM

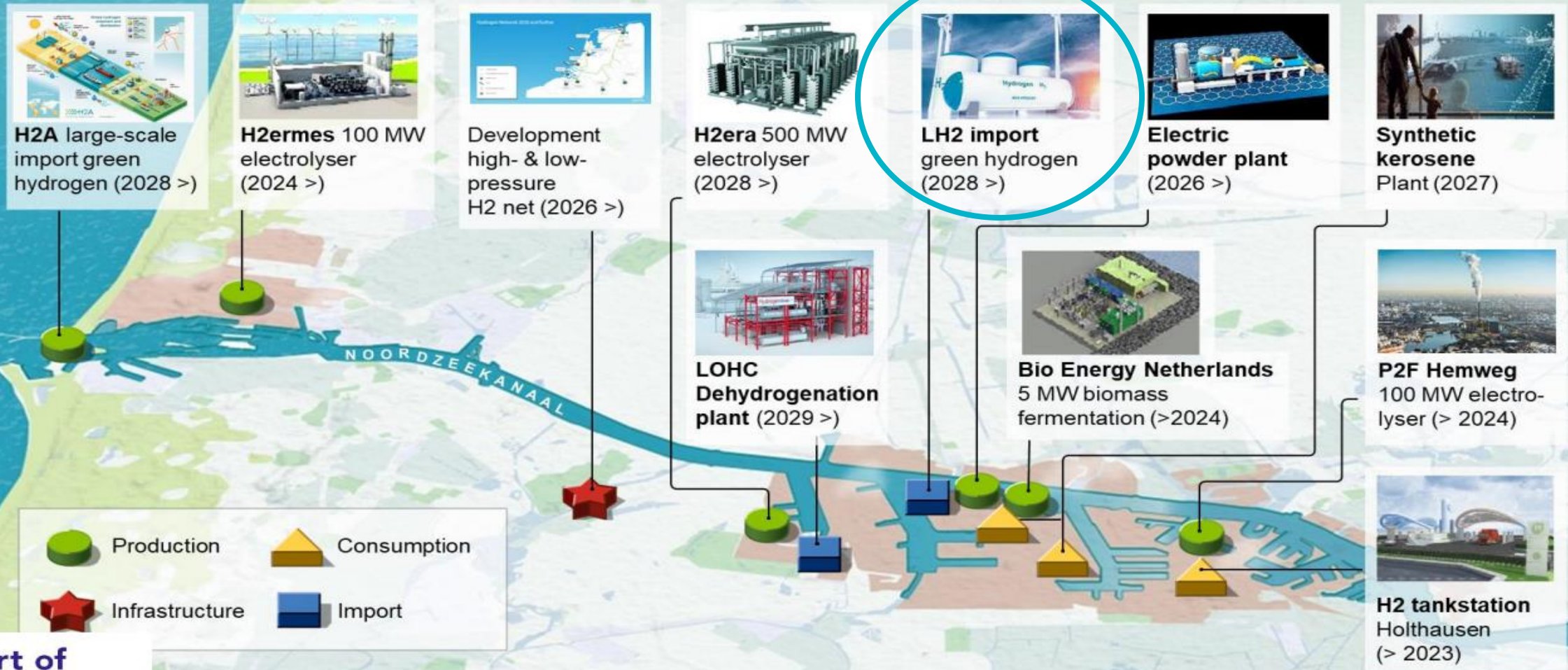


- Offshore wind farms connected to Rotterdam: 7.4 GW in 2030.
- Production of green hydrogen (first 200 MW electrolyser under construction): 2-2.5 GW in 2030.
- Construction of open access Hydrogen pipeline across the port has started, connecting production, imports & use (part of an international hydrogen network; Delta Rhine Corridor).
- CCS to decarbonize grey hydrogen production.
- CCS to decarbonize refinery gasses.
- Massive import of hydrogen and its derivatives: 90% will be imported in 2050, only 10% produced locally.

- HYDROGEN TRANSPORT BY RAIL, BARGE & PIPELINE
- CONNECTION TO EUROPEAN H<sub>2</sub> GRID

# Import ambitions Port of Amsterdam

## The port of Amsterdam hydrogen ecosystem



# Dutch Hydrogen Import Declaration

Enabling CO<sub>2</sub> reduction through importing renewable and low carbon hydrogen, essential for a secure and affordable energy transition



Dedicated funds to support upscaling of ammonia cracking facilities in port areas



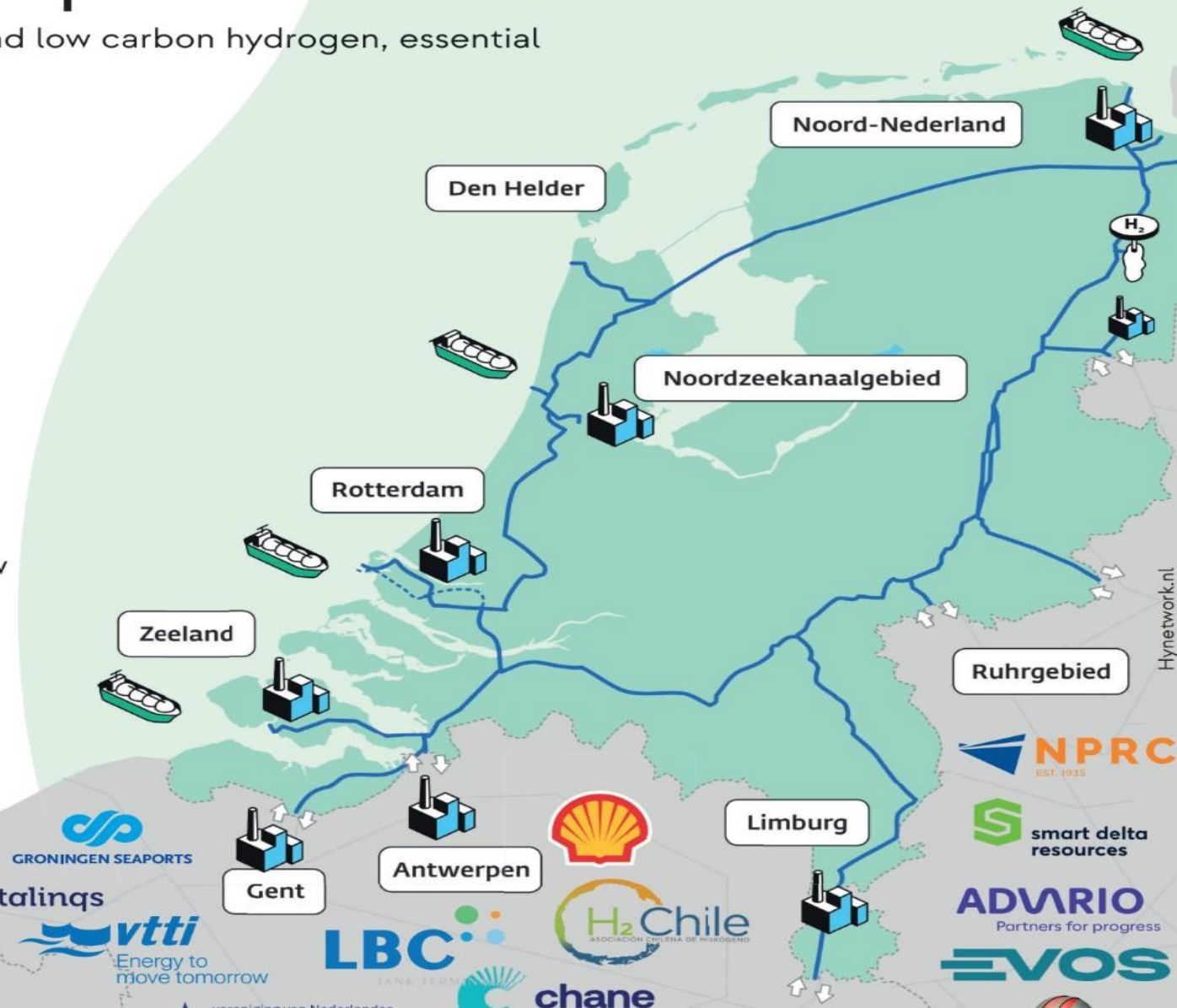
Policies that drive the demand for green methanol in eg. aviation fuel and shipping



Liquid Hydrogen: Dedicated funds for new import facilities and the allowance for inland transportation to supply Europe



Liquid Organic Hydrogen Carrier: Realistic domestic safety requirements



A collection of logos for various organizations and companies involved in the Dutch hydrogen market. The logos include: North Sea Port, Port of Rotterdam, NVB (Nederlandse Vereniging van Havenhavens), VEMOBIN, Port of Amsterdam, AIR PRODUCTS, NLHydrogen, Groningen Seaports, Deltalinqs, vtti (Energy to move tomorrow), LBC (Tank Terminals), chane, VOTOB (vereniging van Nederlandse tankopslagbedrijven), Norwegian Hydrogen Forum, Vopak, VESTA, NPRC (EST. 1935), smart delta resources, ADVRIO (Partners for progress), and EVOS.

### Wasserstoff-Kernetz\* 2025



\*gem. Genehmigung vom 22.10.2024

## Hydrogen core network - FNB Gas

## H2 infrastructure development



## Hydrogen backbone Gasunie

# GroenvermogenNL

- GroenvermogenNL is an innovation program, funded by the Dutch National Growth Fund
- Initiated by 3 Dutch Top Sectors:
  1. Holland HighTech
  2. ChemistryNL
  3. Top Sector Energy
- Program duration until 2032
- 838 million Euros budget in total



## Objectives GroenvermogenNL

1. **Fight climate change**  
achieve net-zero in 2050 by reducing greenhouse emissions in non-electrifiable applications using green H<sub>2</sub>
2. **Boost earnings power**  
become a significant international player in the green H<sub>2</sub> & chemistry economy, unlocking potential of NL high-tech sector
3. **Retain key industries**  
within the Netherlands by facilitating their transition to net-zero in a sustainable way using green H<sub>2</sub> & chemistry
4. **Improve business climate and energy security**  
by creating national green H<sub>2</sub> production capacity in parallel with import infrastructure

- Large offshore potential
- Strong knowledge basis from being a gas hub

- Access to salt caverns for large-scale storage

- Ports for import terminals

### NL green H<sub>2</sub> potential

- Export to Antwerp

- High-tech suppliers

- Existing gas infrastructure can be re-used

- Export to Ruhrgebiet

- Strong industry clusters





# Knowledge Communities

- Universities
- Universities of Applied Sciences
- Research organizations
- Industrial partners

# Programs overview

## R&D



TRL 2-6 projects throughout the value chains

1. HyPRO - Making carbon neutral H<sub>2</sub>
2. HyTROS - Transport & storage of H<sub>2</sub>
3. HyUSE - Direct use of H<sub>2</sub>
4. HyCARB - Green H<sub>2</sub> & e<sup>-</sup> for C-based chemistry
5. HyNITRO & e<sup>-</sup> for N-based chemistry
6. HyFINE & e<sup>-</sup> for specialties
7. HySUCCES - Socio-economic aspects & H<sub>2</sub> implementation

177 M€

## Pilots and small demonstrations



TRL 6-8 projects throughout the value chains of production, transport, storage and industrial use of green hydrogen (carriers):

1. Regional testing facilities (TRL 6)
2. Small scale demonstration (DEI+ subsidy) (TRL 7-8)

100 M€

## Scaling up



TRL 8-9 projects throughout the value chains of production, transport, storage and industrial use of green hydrogen (carriers):

1. Support for the manufacturing industry (IMKE)
2. Demonstrating value chain projects (VEKI)
3. Feasibility/FEED - TSE Industry Studies
4. National endurance testing facility
5. Hydrogen Hubs

500 M€

## Human Capital

Program line 1: Knowledge areas  
Program line 2: Regional liaisons and working communities  
Program line 3: National Knowledge Platform Hydrogen

Program line 4: National education and training package  
Program line 5: Innovation and business development impulse



50 M€

**Example: foster a more ambitious uptake of offshore hydrogen, spanning all system scales**

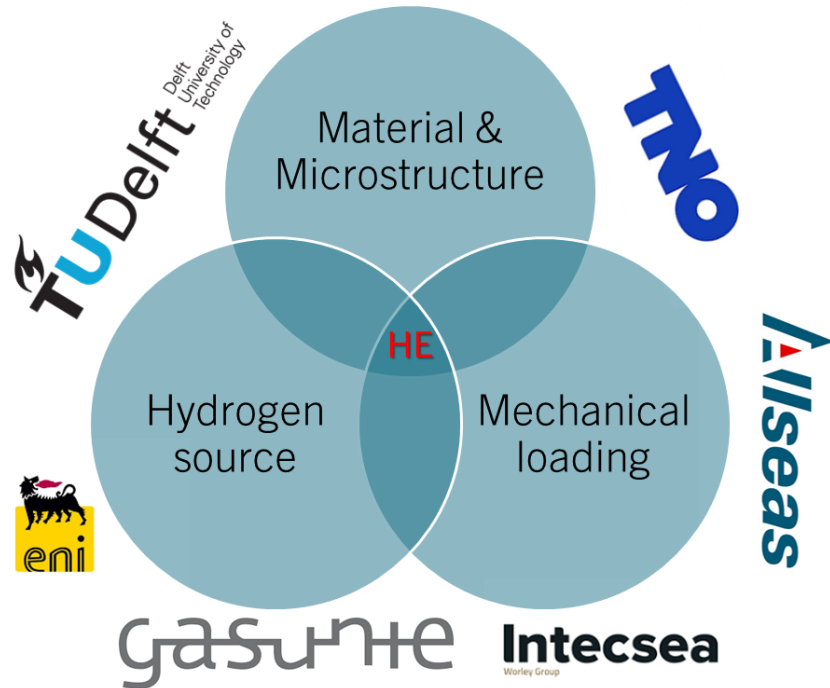
**Optimal offshore energy system design**

**Offshore compression of large volumes of hydrogen**  
**Integration of desalination**

**Repurposing of offshore pipelines**  
**Pipeline materials**



# Repurposing of offshore pipelines & pipeline materials



## Predictive Modeling

- Predict **hydrogen embrittlement (HE)** behavior & **guide materials design** by simulating long-term pipeline material performance
- Influencing factors
  - Microstructures
  - Loading
  - Oxidation
  - Gas mixtures

## Experimental Simulation

- Studying material and welds cyclic loading in hydrogen-rich environments under offshore conditions
- Fatigue initiation
- Fatigue growth

Vera Popovich  
TU Delft

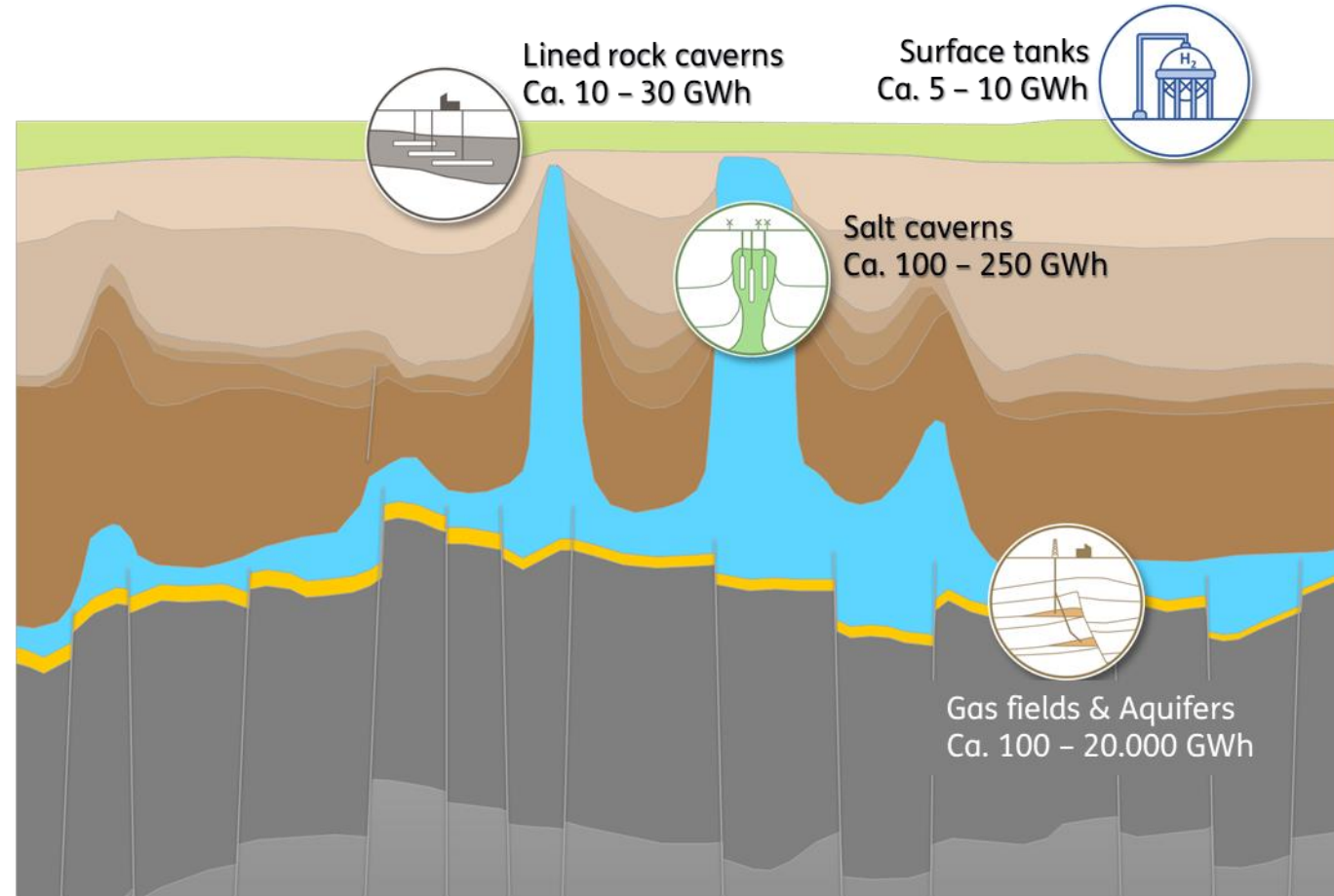


Casper Versteylen  
TNO



# Example: Large Scale Hydroge Storage

- **Derisk H<sub>2</sub> injection pilots in porous reservoirs, and prepare for a pilot**
- **Optimize efficiency to implement UHS in reservoirs safely, affordably, and with support from society**
- **Evaluate options for storing and transporting hydrogen in liquid form**
- **Advance TRL for retrofitting LNG import terminals for storing LH<sub>2</sub>**



# Hydrogen in the Netherlands – Storage of H<sub>2</sub>

## Developing large-scale storage facilities to solve supply/demand mismatches

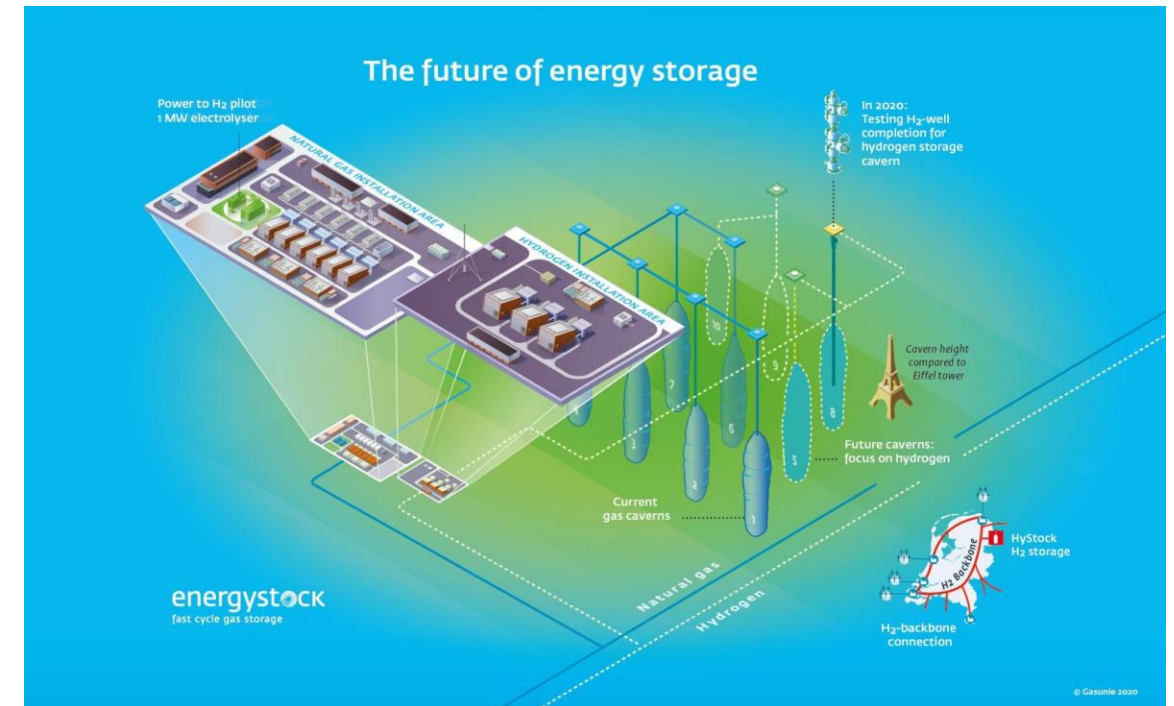
### 1. Salt Caverns at Zuidwending (Northern NL)

- Total of storage 4 caverns planned for hydrogen
- Total storage capacity of 4 million m<sup>3</sup> (20kton) H<sub>2</sub>

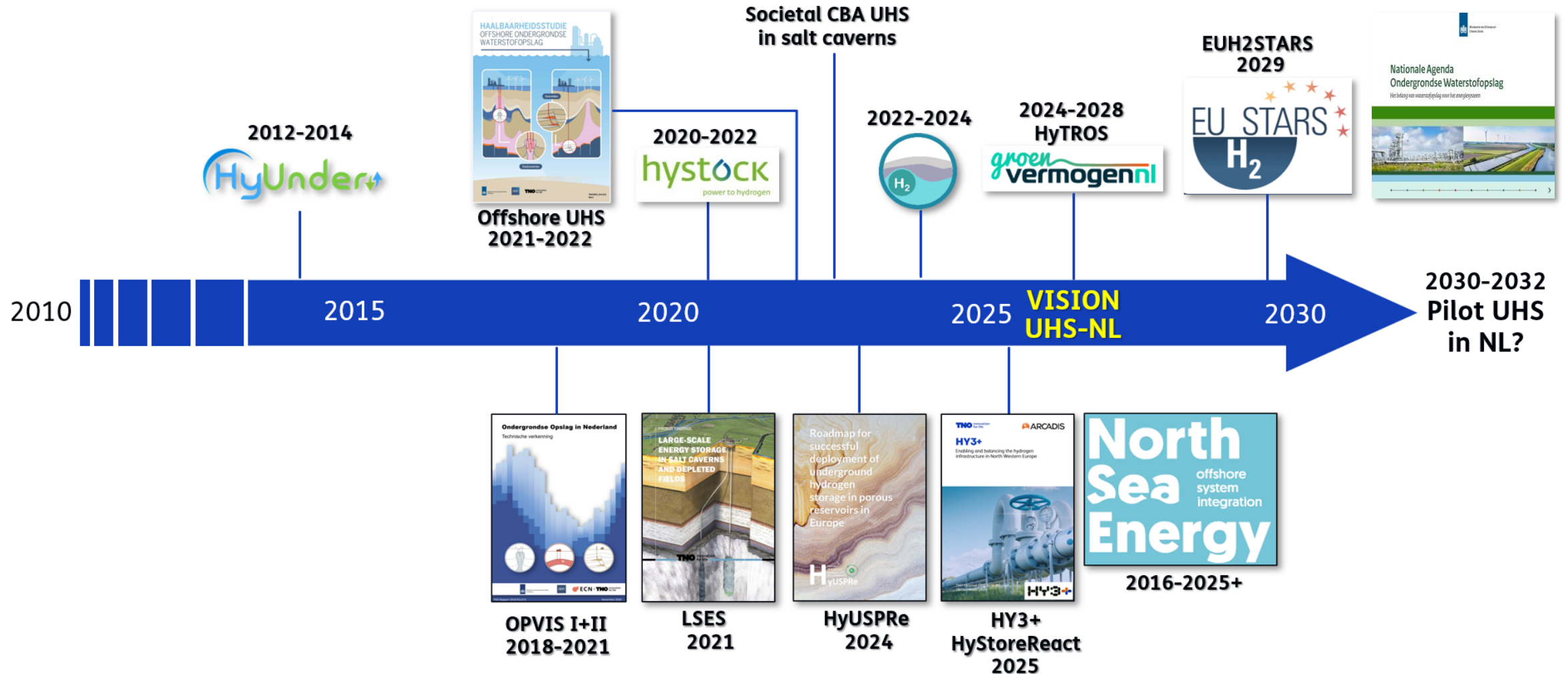


### 2. Deployment timeline

- Expected FID in 2028
- First hydrogen storage cavern in operation by 2031



# Long term development of Large Scale Hydrogen storage towards pilot



*groen*  
vermogen*ni*